Matematicko-fyzikálny časopis

K. K. Ponomarev

Исправление к стате 'Матричный прием расчета колебаний стержневых систем'

Matematicko-fyzikálny časopis, Vol. 11 (1961), No. 4, 294

Persistent URL: http://dml.cz/dmlcz/127052

Terms of use:

© Mathematical Institute of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, 1961

Institute of Mathematics of the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic provides access to digitized documents strictly for personal use. Each copy of any part of this document must contain these *Terms of use*.



This paper has been digitized, optimized for electronic delivery and stamped with digital signature within the project *DML-CZ: The Czech Digital Mathematics Library* http://project.dml.cz

SOME PROPERTIES OF THE FIELD OF OPERATORS

Jozef Eliaš

Summary

In the paper [1] the field T(K) of operators is defined as the quotiend-field over the ring K of all complex-valued functions defined on the set of all non-negative integers. The addition and multi-

plication in K is defined by formulae $a+b=\{a(n)+b(n)\}$ and $ab=\{\sum_{i=1}^n a(n-i)|b(i-1)\}$ respectively (for every $a,b\in K$).

The following theorems are proved.

Every element $p \in T(K)$ can be written in the form $p = \sum_{i=v}^{r} a_i l^i$, where $l = \{1\}, r = 0$ is an integer, and a_i ; i = v, v + 1, ..., are complex numbers, $a_v \neq 0$.

The operator p belongs to K if and only if r > 0.

The function $f = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} a_i t^i$ can be written in the form f = gh, g, $h \in K$, if and only if $a_1 = 0$.

The field T(K) is not algebraically closed [in fact it is proved that the equation $x^2 - I$ is not solvable in T(K)].

Исправление к стате

МАТРИЧНЫЙ ПРИЕМ РАСЧЕТА КОЛЕБАНИЙ СТЕРЖНЕВЫХ СИСТЕМ

К. К. Пономарев, Москва

На стр. 192 тома 11 (1961), Δk 3, строка 9 снизу напечатано уравнение $\chi^{\rm (IV)} = \chi^4/4 = 0$. Вместо него должно быть

$$y^{(1V)} = \frac{\lambda^4}{I^4} y = 0.$$