

Toposym 3

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THE SPACE OF BOUNDED MAPS INTO A BANACH SPACE

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Let D be a real B -space for which

- (1) D is strictly convex,
 (2) for every $v \in D^*$, $\|v\| = 1$, and $0 < \delta < 1$ there is a number γ such that the set

$$\{w, w \in D, \|w\| \leq 1, v(w) = 1 - \delta\}$$

contains a u for which

$$\{w, w \in D, \|w - u\| \leq \gamma, v(w) = 1 - \delta\} \subset \{w, w \in D, \|w\| \leq 1, v(w) = 1 - \delta\},$$

and for a fixed v $\gamma/\delta \rightarrow \infty$ if $\delta \rightarrow 0$,

- (3) D has no proper subspace isometrically isomorphic to D ,
 (4) D is not finite dimensional.

Let X_j , $j = 1, 2$ be realcompact spaces. $C^*(X_j, D)$ denotes the B -space of the bounded continuous functions from X_j to D . For any linear isometry ψ of $C^*(X_1, D)$ onto $C^*(X_2, D)$ there exist a homeomorphism $\varphi : X_2 \rightarrow X_1$ and a continuous map A from X_1 to the isometrical isomorphisms of D to itself (these taken in the strong operator topology) such that $(\psi f)(x_2) = A(\varphi(x_2)) \cdot f(\varphi(x_2))$.

Let X_j be compact, let D have property (2). A similar statement holds (with $A(x_1) \equiv \text{identity}$) for the pairs $(i_j, C_w^*(X_j, D))$ where $C_w^*(X_j, D)$ denotes the B -space of bounded weakly continuous functions from X_j to D , $i_j : D \rightarrow C_w^*(X_j, D)$, $(i_j d)(x_j) = d$ for every $x_j \in X_j$.

For further development S -compact spaces should be considered, where S is the unit sphere of a B -space (of measurable cardinality), or the unit sphere of a (non-reflexive) B -space with the weak topology.

References

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